This week: sentences with koovúra "all"

### July 26

Vina upiip:

koovúra pananikústaan vúra yâamachas. • All my sisters are pretty.

```
koovúra = all
pa- = the
nani- = my
kústaan = sister
vúra = intensive, emphatic
yâamach = pretty
-as = plural (more than one)
```

#### **July 27**

Daisy Jones upiip:

pa'áptiik koovúra uvrárasur. • The branches all fell off.

```
pa- = the
'áptiik = branch
koovúra = all
u- = it
(i)vrárasur = fall off
```

# Comments

In this example, the word order is *pa'áptiik koovúra* "the branches all ...". In yesterday's example, the word order was the opposite: *koovúra pananikústaan* "all my sisters ..." Just like in English, you can put *koovúra* in either location.

# July 28

Vina upiip:

koovúra áama nu'áveesh. • We're all going to eat salmon.

```
koovúra = all
áama = salmon
nu- = we
'áv = eat
-eesh = in the future
```

## **July 29**

Phoebe Maddux upiip:

koovúra vookupíti pamupírish. • Its leaves are all like that.

koovúra

```
(voo- = vaa + u-)
vaa = thus, like that
u- = it
kupíti = be doing, being
pa- = the
mu- = its
pírish = leaf, bush, grass
```

#### Comments

This example of *koovúra* "all" is interesting because it is separated from *pamupírish* "its leaves" -- just like in the English translation. You do not have to have *koovúra* right next to the word it is associated with.

## July 30

Vina upiip:

```
yánava koovúra kunivyíhuk. • Look, they all came!

yánava = look, lo and behold, it's visible

koovúra = all

kun- = they

ivyíhuk = come (plural)
```

### **July 31**

Emily Donohue upiip:

xás koovúra kumapírish úthvuuyva. • And (she explained how) all kinds of plants are named.

xás = then koovúra = all kuma- = kind(s) of pírish = leaf, bush, grass ú- = it, he, she (i)thvuuy = be named -va = plural, lots of

### Comments

Other examples of this pattern: *koovúra kumáastaa* "all kinds of ducks", *koovúra kuma'ávaha* "all kinds of food", *koovúra kumakeemishatunvêechas* "all kinds of little wild animals".

# August 1

Vina upiip:

chími koovúra áav kiikpáatvi! • You all wash your faces!

chími = soon (used in commands and exhortations)
koovúra = all
áav = face
kiik- = you (plural, in a command)
páatv(a) = bathe, wash
-i = command

#### Comments

Notice here, just like in the English translation, that *koovúra* "all" refers to the people who are being told to do something. (The best translation is not "wash all your faces!", but "you all wash your faces!")