June 7 (Andrew)

Charlie upiip:

chími ôok pay ikrîishrihi. • Sit down right here.

chími = soon (used in commands and exhortations)
ôok = here
pay = this
(ôok pay = right here)
 ikrîishrih = sit down
-i = command (imperative)

Comments

The command form (imperative) ikrîishrihi has the imperative ending -i and no subject prefix. The verb ikrîishrih "sit down" is itself built from ikriv "sit" + -ishrih "down".

June 8 (Line)

Vina upiip:

taay vúra na'ákihi! • Feed me a lot!

taay = a lot
vúra = indeed
na- = you > me
'ákih = feed
-i = command

Comments

The -i ending on the verb 'ákih (to feed) shows that it is a command.

The na- at the beginning of the verb is a special prefix that is used in with command forms when I ask a person to do something to/for me. I used you > me as a shorthand for this here. In the dictionary it is written 2 > 1, where 2 means second person (you) and 1 means first person (= me).
**June 9 (Line)**

Charlie Thom upiip:

*chími ikviit-hil* • Go to sleep!

- *chími* = soon
- *ikviit-h* = to sleep
- *-i* = command

**Comments**

-*i* means that "i" is a meaning part of the word *ikviit-hi*. *t-h* in the Karuk writing system means a *t*-sound followed by an *h* sound. *th* without a dash is pronounced like "th" in the English word "thing".

**June 10 (Line)**

Lucille upiip:

*kárihi.* • Get ready!

- *kárih(a)* = to be ready
- *-i* = command

**June 11 (Line)**

Vina upiip:

*chêech kiikárihi!* • You all get ready fast!

- *chêech* = quickly
- *kii-* = you all
- *kárih(a)* = to be ready
- *-i* = command

**Comments**

When a command is for several people to do something, a special person maker *kii-* is added to the front of the verb, so *kiikárihi* means "you all get ready". When making a command to one person there is no person marker at the front of the verb. It's just *kárihi* for asking one person to get ready.

**June 12 (Line)**

Lucille upiip:

*áav paatvi!* • Wash your face!

- *áav* = face
- *paatv(a)* = wash
- *-i* = command
June 13 (Line)
Lucille upiip:

*yúuphi!* • Open your eyes!

*yúuph(a)* = to open one’s eyes
- *i* = command

Comments

The verb *yúupha* "to open one’s eyes" is build from the word for "eye" *yúup* plus the ending *
*ha. There are a lot of verbs made from nouns that way.